

ENHANCING THE DETECTION OF POTENTIAL THREATS USING MACHINE LEARNING

MDATAGOV SYMPOSIUM 2019

FATIMA CHIROMA

CONTENTS

Background

Research

Placement

Conclusion

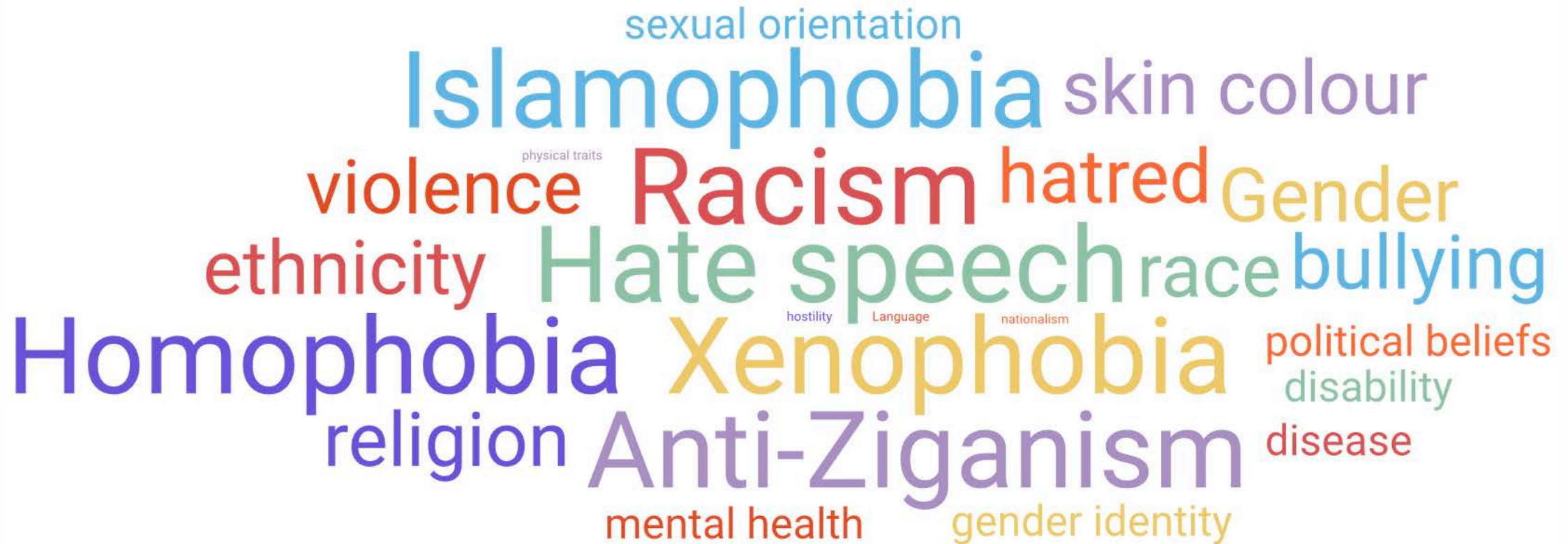
Acknowledgement

BACKGROUND



- Rapid **increase** in social media usage
- **2.47 Billion active** social media users ¹
- Abundant user generated **data**
- Association between **social media** and **suicidal behavior** ²

CYBERHATE



A word cloud illustrating various forms of cyberhate. The words are arranged in a horizontal, overlapping manner. The largest words are 'Islamophobia', 'Racism', 'Hate speech', 'Xenophobia', 'Homophobia', and 'Anti-Ziganism'. Other words include 'skin colour', 'violence', 'ethnicity', 'gender', 'bullying', 'race', 'political beliefs', 'disability', 'disease', 'religion', 'mental health', 'gender identity', 'hostility', 'language', 'nationalism', 'sexual orientation', and 'physical traits'. The words are color-coded: blue for 'Islamophobia', 'Homophobia', and 'Anti-Ziganism'; red for 'Racism', 'violence', 'ethnicity', and 'disease'; green for 'Hate speech', 'race', 'disability', and 'sexual orientation'; yellow for 'Xenophobia', 'gender', and 'gender identity'; and purple for 'skin colour', 'bullying', 'political beliefs', 'religion', and 'mental health'.

sexual orientation
Islamophobia skin colour
violence Racism hatred Gender
ethnicity Hate speech race bullying
Homophobia Xenophobia political beliefs
religion Anti-Ziganism disability
mental health gender identity

HATE MATERIALS

15 – 18 Years



67%

Exposed to hate materials³

21%

Victims

MISOGYNY

- Hate speech that is targeted towards women
- Online abuse has been linked to offline domestic violence against women

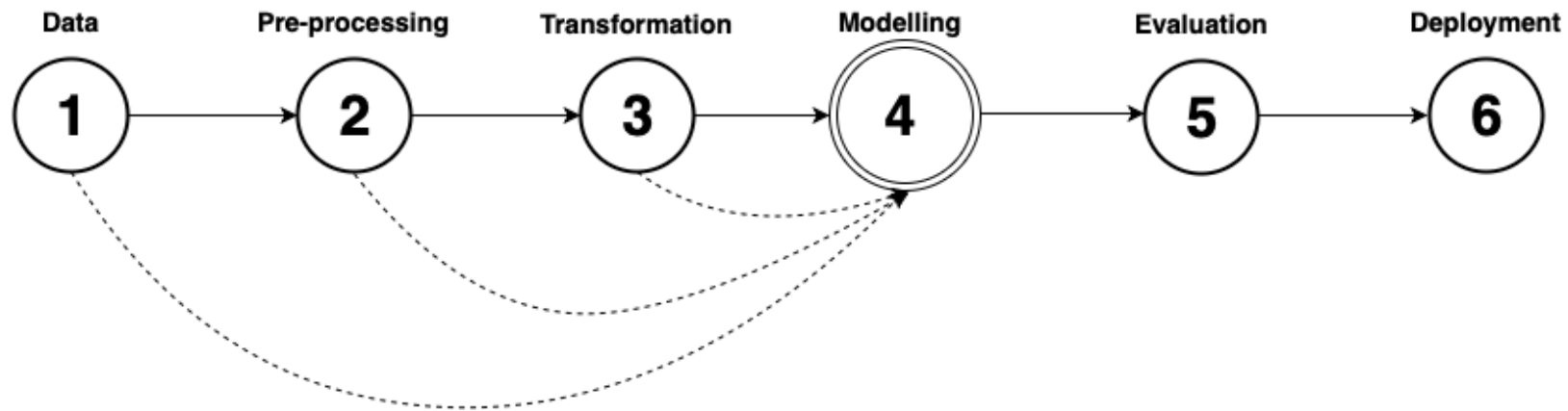
United Kingdom

48%

Experienced online abuse or harassment after leaving an abusive relationship⁴.

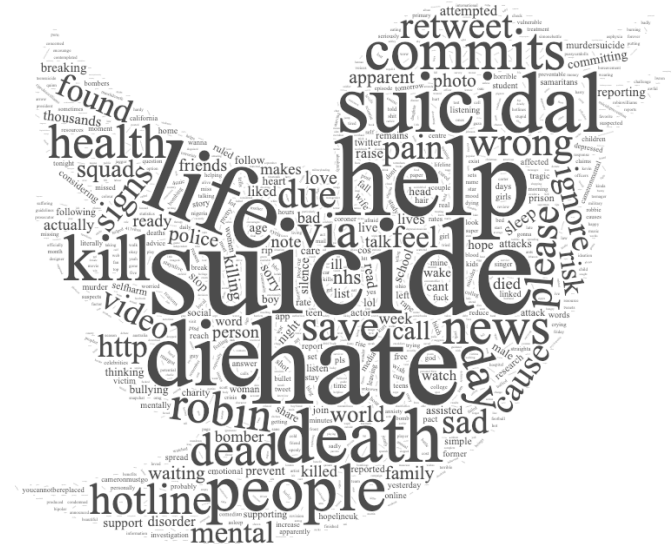
RESEARCH

- How can **machine learning** be used for possible **intervention**?
- Improve the identification and classification of text containing **worrying languages**.
- Case studies: **suicide related** and **misogynistic tweets** (independently)



APPLICATION

- Labelled tweets for suicide related communications and misogyny
- Measured the performance of existing machine learning approaches and techniques
- Impact of data manipulation
- Ensemble learning, rule-based learning
- Dimensionality reduction techniques

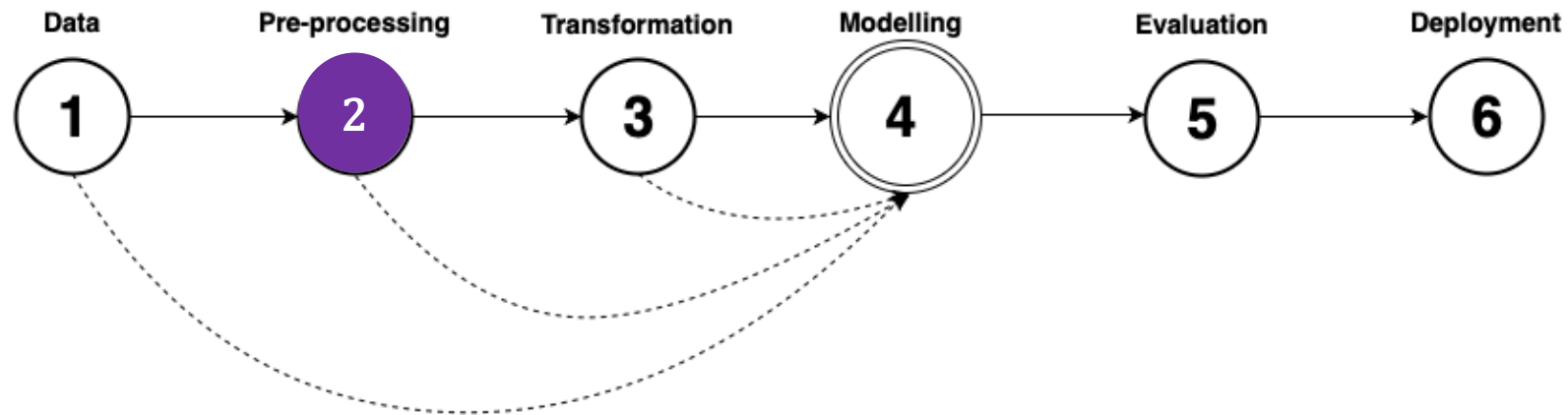


RESULT



PLACEMENT

- PyGrams: Python based app for extracting popular terms from large documents.
- Implement **automated stop words**
- **176** in-built English stop words e.g. I, any, haven't

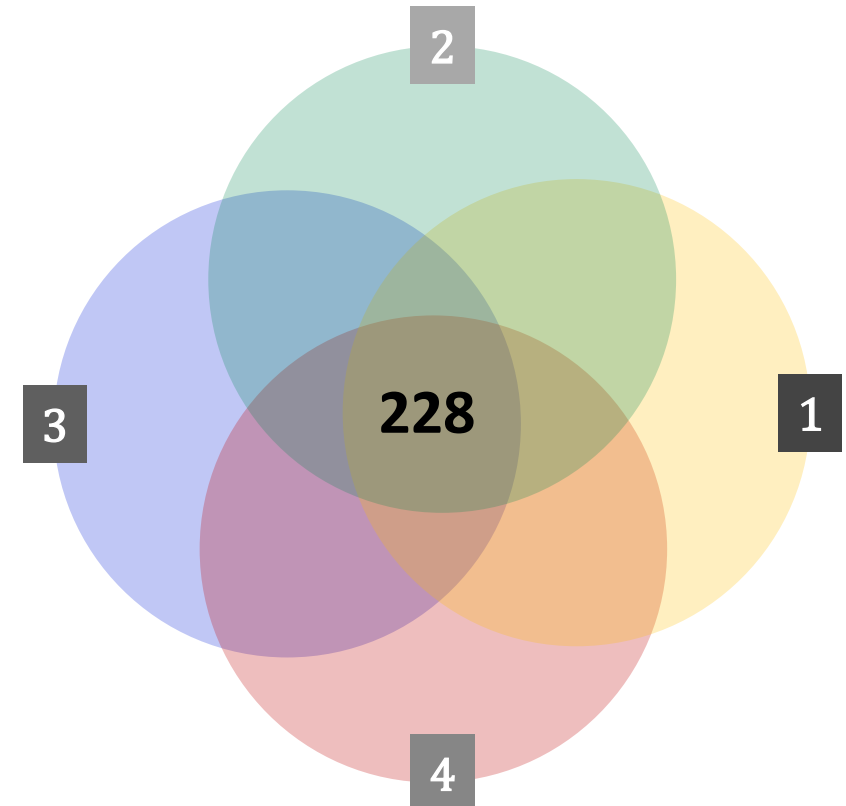


APPROACH

Sample Data: 3,526 words

Existing Methods	1	2	3	4
Entropy				
Term Frequency (TF)				
TF1 (Singleton words)				
Inverse Document Frequency (IDF)				
TF/IDF				
Variance				
Total Stop words	260	2613	319	500

Approach



RESULT

In-built

176

+

Auto-generated

228

=

Stop Words

404

NEXT

Placement

- In-built and auto-generated stop words
- Deploy auto-generated stop words

Research

- Auto-generated stop-words
- Rule-based learning
- Target and/or minority classes
- Domain specific

THANK YOU

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT



Department
of Health



REFERENCES

1. eMarketer. (n.d.). Number of social media users worldwide from 2010 to 2021 (in billions). In *Statista - The Statistics Portal*. Retrieved March 19, 2019, from <https://www.statista.com/statistics/278414/number-of-worldwide-social-network-users/>
2. Sueki, H. (2015). The association of suicide-related Twitter use with suicidal behaviour: A cross-sectional study of young internet users in Japan. *Journal of affective disorders, 170*, 155-160. Target and/or minority classes
3. Perry, B., & Olsson, P. (2009). Cyberhate: the globalization of hate. *Information & Communications Technology Law, 18*(2), 185-199.
4. Jane, E. A. (2016). Online misogyny and feminist digilantism. *Continuum, 30*(3), 284-297.
5. https://www.freepik.com/free-vector/social-media-icons-globe_887251.htm
6. <https://datasciencecampus.ons.gov.uk>
7. <https://ptdf.gov.ng>
8. <https://www.ons.gov.uk>
9. <https://www.port.ac.uk>
10. <https://www.cardiff.ac.uk>
11. <https://data.london.gov.uk/publisher/department-of-health>